R 31

Validation and Authentication Routines - Reading

The following pseudocode routines show some **validation** and **authentication** routines. A description of what the routine does is shown on the lower right of each box.

```
constant minPasswordLength ← 8
password ← ''
WHILE LEN(password) < minPasswordLength
       OUTPUT 'Type in a password at least ' + minPasswordLength + ' characters'
       \texttt{password} \leftarrow \texttt{USERINPUT}
       IF LEN(password) < minPasswordLength THEN</pre>
                                                             This code shows a routine to check that a
               OUTPUT 'Password too short'
                                                             password has a length of 8 characters.
       ELSE
               OUTPUT 'Password correct length'
                                                             Notice how the length is in a constant so that
               passwordCorrectLength \leftarrow True
                                                             it can be used in more than one place in the
       ENDIF
                                                             program. This code is an example of a length
ENDWHILE
                                                             check.
```

```
username ← ''

WHILE username = ''

username ← USERINPUT

IF username = '' THEN

OUTPUT 'Username empty - try again'

ELSE

OUTPUT 'Username entered'

ENDIF

ENDWHILE
```

This code is a routine to check if a username has been entered correctly. This is an example of a **presence check**.

```
dayOfMonthValid \leftarrow False #flag to show correct day between 1 and 31 entered
dayOfMonth \leftarrow 0
WHILE NOT dayOfMonthValid
       dayOfMonth ← STRING TO INT(USERINPUT)
       IF dayOfMonth < 1 OR dayOfMonth > 31 THEN
              OUTPUT 'Enter a day of the month between 1 and 31'
       ELSE
              OUTPUT 'Valid date of month'
                                                           This code checks that a number between 1
              dayOfMonthValid ← True
                                                           and 31 has been entered. It is an example of
       ENDIF
                                                           a range check. Notice how a flag variable is
ENDWHILE
                                                           used to determine if the user has correctly
                                                           entered the correct data.
```

```
______
username ← Sam
password ← 'cd4FjP@L'
detailsValid \leftarrow False #flag to show username and password entered correctly
WHILE NOT details Valid
      enteredUsername ← USERINPUT
      enteredPassword ← USERINPUT
      IF enteredUsername ≠ username OR enteredPassword ≠ password THEN
             OUTPUT 'Username or password invalid'
      ELSE
             OUTPUT 'Correct username and password'
                                                     This code checks that a username and
             detailsValid ← True
                                                     password have both been correctly entered.
      ENDIF
                                                     It is a simple example of authentication.
ENDWHILE
```